**TEST 1**

**Part I. PHONETICS**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position the of the primary stress in each of the following questions.***

1. A. disposal B. animal C. energy D. poverty

2. A. awareness B. solution C. importance D. happiness

3. A. origin B. dependence C. harmony D. factory

**Part II. VOCABULARY**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

4. If you ask me, \_\_\_\_ waste is a much bigger problem than ordinary household waste.

 A. industrial B. business C. working D. manufacturing

5. Do you know what CFC \_\_\_\_?

 A. sets in B. does up C. stands for D. gets down

6. There’s been a \_\_\_\_ in Germany and a village was completely destroyed.

 A. flood B. drizzle C. shower D. smog

7. Dinosaurs have been \_\_\_\_ for millions of years.

 A. endangered B. extinct C. threatened D. disappeared

8. As town grow, they tend to destroy the surrounding \_\_\_\_ areas.

 A. urban B. commercial C. land D. rural

9. During the last hundred years we have done great \_\_\_\_ to the environment.

 A. injury B. pollution C. damage D. hurt

10. There are lots of things we can all do to \_\_\_\_ the environment.

A. enhance B. protect C. make D. build

**Part III. GRAMMAR**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

11. "I'm a big fan of U23.” Derek said.

 Derek said he \_\_\_\_ a big fan of U23.

A. was B. has been C. were D. had been

12. "We're watching TV," said the twins.

 The twins said they \_\_\_\_ TV.

A. watched B. were watching C. have been watching D. had watched

13. “You've been annoying me all day!" my mum said.

 My mum said I \_\_\_\_ her all day.

A. annoyed B. was annoying C. have been annoying D. had been annoying

14. "The dog ate my homework!” said Ivan.

 Ivan said the dog his homework.

A. was eating B. has eaten C.ate D. had eaten

15. "At one o'clock, I was having lunch," said Molly.

 Molly said she \_\_\_\_ lunch at one o'clock.

A. had been having B. has had C. is having D. has been having

16. "You'll get wet without an umbrella," Dad said.

 Dad said I \_\_\_\_ wet without an umbrella.

A. will be getting B. got C. would be getting D. would get

17. "He can juggle five balls!" said Angie.

 Angie said he \_\_\_\_ five balls.

A. juggled B. had juggled C. would juggle D. could juggle

18. “You must give me your essays," Mrs Vine said.

 Mrs Vine said we \_\_\_\_ give her our essays.

A. were having to B. would have to C. had to D. must

19. “Could you pass me the salt, please?" I asked the man next to me.

 Tasked the man next to me \_\_\_\_ me the salt.

A. pass B. if he passes C. to pass D. if he would pass

20. "Would you mind waiting for a moment?" the shop assistant asked the woman.

 The shop assistant asked the woman \_\_\_\_ for a moment.

A. to wait B. waiting C. if she waits D. if she minds waiting

***Mark the letter A, B, C. or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

21. Tim called yesterday and said he needed the report right now.

22. Sally called from Miami and said that she was swimming here.

23. They complained that there isn't any fresh water in the local area.

24. Rosy said that she will come back there on another project the following year.

25. Tony promised that he would do his homework today.

**Part IV. SPEAKING**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.***

26. "Why don't we have a look at some websites for more information about the environment?" – “\_\_\_\_”

A. Yes, thanks. B. Yes, why not? C. It's my pleasure. D. Do we?

27. "\_\_\_\_" - "By bus."

A. What did you take to get there? B. Did you get there by motorbike?

C. How long did it take you to get there? D. How did you get there?

28. "Hi, Jack. \_\_\_\_" - "Not bad. And you?"

A. How's everything? B. What's everything? C. What do you do? D. How do you do?

29. " \_\_\_\_" - "That's a good idea."

A. What about recycling water for gardening? B. Sorry, can I say something?

C. Glad to work with you. D. Excuse me, I want to add something.

30. "Shall I empty the dustbin?" – “\_\_\_\_”

A. Make yourself at home. B. Nice to meet you!

**VI. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

Up to about 1915, movies were short and programs were made up of several works. Then, D. W. Griffith and others began to make longer films that provided the same powerful emotional appeal as did melodrama and presented spectacles far beyond what the theater could offer. Consequently, after World War I increasing numbers of spectators deserted the theater for the movies. This trend was accelerated in the late 1920s as a result of two new elements. In 1927 sound was added to the previously silent film, and thus one of the theater's principal claims to superiority vanished. In 1929 a serious economic depression began. Since audiences couId go to the movies for a fraction of what it cost to see a play, theater going became a luxury that few could afford, especially as the depression deepened.

By the end of World War II, the American theater had been reduced to about thirty theaters in New York City and a small number of touring companies originating there.

32. One thing that movies could do better than the theater was to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. provide longer programs. B. provide emotional appeal.

 C. provide more melodrama. D. provide greater spectacle.

33. Up to the 1920s one objection to film was that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. they were too short. B. they were silent.

 C. they were too expensive. D. they did not tell a complete story.

34. One thing that made people choose the movies over the theater was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. World War I. B. the fact that films were less expensive.

 C. the fact that films were silent. d. the fact that films were shorter.

35. By the end of the World War II, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. theater had become entertainment for the masses.

 B. the theater was no longer considered a luxury.

 C. professional theatrical performances were Gonfined mainly to New York.

 D. There were no theatrical performances outside of New York City.

**TEST 2**

**Part I. PHONETICS**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

1. A. culture B. public C. sustain D. butterfly

2. A. pollution B. coral C. problem D. ecology

3. A. discount B. observe C. safari D. scuba-diving

**Part II. VOCABULARY**

***Mark the letter A. B. C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

4. You can see different kinds of rare animals in this park.

 A. priceless B. half-cooked C. unlimited D. limited

5. If you book tickets early, you can get a discount.

 A. award B. prize C. deduction D. bonus

6. A sustainable forest is a forest where trees that are cut are replanted and the wildlife is protected.

 A. pre-tested B. preserved C. reserved D. protested

7. When you take part in an ecotour, you learn more about the cultural traditions of the local people and the natural habitat of some rare animals.

 A. participate B. conduct C. enjoy D. depart

8. Cuting down trees or hunting wild animals may upset the ecological balance of an area.

A. strengthen B. motivate C. comfort D. disturb

9. Mass tourism may cause numerous problems.

A. bring in B. bring up C. bring about D. bring away

10. I am very much interested in learning more about ecotourism and its benefits.

A. problems B. advantages C. dangers D. issues

**Part III. GRAMMAR**

***Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

11. If you buy souvenirs made from endangered animals or plants, you \_\_\_\_ contribute to making them become extinct.

A. would B. might C. could D. are

12. You \_\_\_\_ help the local people if you buy local products whenever possible and pay a fair price for what you buy.

A. could B. would C. wouldn’t D. will

13. If you want to help, remember \_\_\_\_ or use other non-polluting forms of transport whenever you can.

A. to walk B. walk C. walking D. walked

14. There will be some unforeseen consequences to the environment if we \_\_\_\_ ecotourism projects properly.

A. didn't manage B. don't manage C. couldn't manage D. wouldn't manage

15. If tourists win the trust of animals, they \_\_\_\_ put wild creatures in danger by encouraging them to relax with their natural predators.

A. will B. would C. could D. had

16. Ecotourism may become popular as people look for ways to get really close \_\_\_\_ exotic wildlife while keeping a clear conscience.

A. at B. in C. to D. with

17. Gorillas and penguins are among the species most susceptible \_\_\_\_ ecotourism because they have a strong tendency to relax in the presence of humans.

A. to B. in C. by D. with

18. As animals \_\_\_\_ to feeling comfortable with humans, they may become bolder.

A. will get used B. get used C. got used D. could get used

19. Professor Blumstein says that ecotourism is similar \_\_\_\_ domesticating or urbanizing the animals.

A. with B. as C. to D. like

20. Animals' regular interactions with people may lead \_\_\_\_ a kind of taming.

A. up B. in C. for D. to

***Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

21. If businesses want to protect the environment, they will aid the local community and educating travellers.

22. Nowadays, many of us tried to live in a way that will damage the environment as little as possible.

23. Ecotourism must benefits the local people and involve the local community.

24. Ecotourism must be sustainable, that is make a profit without destroy natural resources.

25. Ecotourism must provide an experiences that tourists want to pay for.

**Part IV. SPEAKING**

***Exercise 7. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.***

**Two friends Nam and Lan are talking about the topic of ecotourism.**

26. Nam: "How important is tourism to our country?"

 Lan: “\_\_\_\_”

A. More and more companies are advertising about ecotourism.

B. It really helps to create more jobs for a lot of people.

C. Tourism is also an industry.

D. It is hard to develop without learning about tourism.

27. Lan: "Would you like to work in tourism?"

 Nam: “\_\_\_\_”

A. The number of tourists to our country is increasing.

B. Everyone wants to be employed.

C. It's always been my dream to work as a tour guide.

D. Being a tour guide, you can lead an interesting life.

28. Nam: "What do you think tourism will be like in the future?"

 Lan: “\_\_\_\_”

A. I guess there will be various forms of tourism.

B. I've always interested in tourism industry.

C. It's not easy to find a job in tourism these days.

D. More females than males work in tourism industry.

29. Lan: "What do you think of the idea of space tourism?"

 Nam: “\_\_\_\_”

A. I'm thinking about ecotourism benefits.

B. Space exploration has brought numerous changes.

C. Rich people tend to spend more money on travelling.

D. It might be a profitable industry in the future.

30. Nam: "Do you think ecotourism is a good idea?”

 Lan: “\_\_\_\_”

A. Certainly. A lot of people may benefit from this kind of tourism.

B. Ecotourism is getting more and more popular.

C. Ecotourism is a hot topic these days.

D. Business people need a good idea to start up.

**Read the following passage and choose the best answer for each blank.**

 Organized football games began in 1863. In football, two (32) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of eleven players try to kick or head the ball (33) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the goal of the other team. The goal keeper, (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tries to keep the ball out of the goal, is the only player on the field who can touch the ball with his or her (35)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ The other players must use their feet, heads, and bodies to control the ball.

32. A. crews B. parts C. groups D. teams

33. A. into B. over C. out of D. at

34. A. which B. that C. who D. whom

35. A. hands B. legs C. head D. feet